## **Looking to the Future:**

4 Danish scenarios for future farming

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# A Danish project: Future Farming

The Ecological Council, Copenhagen and Aarhus University Funded by the Velux foundation

## **Four scenarios**

# for a sustainable future Danish agriculture 2030 and 2050:

- Equal scenarios, not "good" and "bad"
- The good future agriculture could be a combination
- Plus business-as-usual
- A holistic approach: environment, climate, nature, Soil fertility, economy, employment
  - <u>Not</u> covered: animal welfare
  - Partly covered: global issues

- Low pollution and climate gas emissions
- Option for growth is maintained
- Effective handling of nutrients
- Reduced emission of methane and laughing gas
  - Energy production biogas, energy crops (willow)
  - Energy conservation
  - ✓ More organic farming
  - IPM Monitoring andPesticide reducing technology

## **Green Growth**



## See animation film about "Green Growth" at

http://fremtidenslandbrug.dk/future-farming/scenario-1-4-future-farming/





- High share of organic farming 50% in 2050
- > Organic recycling agriculture
- Extensive organic farming on vulnerable land
- Focus on public goods
  - ✓ Rural development
  - Local manufacturing and marketing
  - A transparent food production
  - ✓ Agro-tourism recreation

# **Urban and Rural**

## See animation film about "Urban and Rural" at

http://fremtidenslandbrug.dk/future-farming/scenario-1-4-future-farming/



# **The Biobased Society**



- High production of energy crops
- High-tech processing of biomass
- **Five large biorefineries in Denmark**
- Maximum recycling of nutrients and carbon
- Fast phase-out of fossile fuels



# **The Biobased Society**

## See animation film about "The Biobased Society" at

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- High biodiversity also in open land areas
- > Nature in balance
- Large nature areas linked together
- Intensive and high-tech farming on the remaining
- Arable land less than today
- More wetlands
- More meadows with grazing cows and sheep

# A rich nature



## See animation film about "A Rich Nature" at

http://fremtidenslandbrug.dk/future-farming/scenario-1-4-future-farming/



## **Intensive agriculture in Denmark**

- 2.6 mio ha agricultural land (62% of total area)
- 5.5 mio people 4.5 mio t milk 29 mio pigs/yr
  - 9.7 t milk/cow/yr
  - 30 piglets/sow/yr
  - •7.5 t wheat/ha/yr
- 7500 km coastline





## **EU Water Framework Directive challenges**



Source: EEA.eu

## A general Northwestern European challenge



Van Grinsven HJM, ten Berge HFM, Dalgaard T *et al.* (2012) *Management, regulation and environmental impacts of nitrogen fertilization in northwestern Europe under the Nitrates Directive; a benchmark study.* Biogeosciences 9, 5143–5160, 2012. <u>http://www.biogeosciences.net/9/5143/2012/bg-9-5143-2012.pdf</u>

## Intensive agriculture near to the coast



# Max 50 km

## The policy measures have worked



## **Geographically targetted measures needed**



# Present impact on the coastal aquatic environment





## **Geographically targeted measures needed**



# Present impact on soil fertility decrease





# The multiple components of the Danish nutrient landscapes





www.dNmark.org

#### Research components:



## **Targetted green investments**





# The scenarios are based on targeted instruments:

- Stronger on vulnerable land weaker on robust land
- Synergy: for instance biogas combined with separation of manure, recycling of urban organic waste→ substitution of fossile fuels, recycling of phosphorus, reduced nitrogen-leakage



Targeted instruments will not treat farmers equally

- > Will require compensation
- Financed by EU/CAP pillar two
- Combined with a national nature fund (state and private)
- Buy land and take vulnerable land out of cultivation

In three of the scenarios: nature care and organic farming recieve 60-70% of the need for funding

## **FINANCING VIA CAP 2013-2050**

## **GREEN GROWTH - SCENARIO**



# Effects on income and employment

# Multi-Criteria Analysis (MCA)



- The project has developed a decision support system
  - A GIS based MCA model covering the entire agricultural are in Denmark
  - Represented by cells of 0.25 hectares each containing data for optimisation criteria
- The MCA model is used to assess trade-offs between the following optimisation criteria
  - Biodiversity
  - Aquatic environment
  - Soil fertility
  - Greenhouse gas emissions
  - Implementation costs and employment

# **Business-as-usual scenario (BAU)**

- The modelled scenarios are compared with a Business-As-Usual scenario
  - projecting the development in agricultural employment and land use until 2030
  - Assuming labour productivity will keep increasing by 5,4 per cent per year and a constant production level
- Present and predicted employment in primary agriculture
  - Present: 66,000 man years
  - 2030: 21,000 man years (that is, minus 68 per cent)
- Land use
  - Only small predicted decline

# **Definition of social cost**

- Conversion of arable land to nature and environmentally friendly uses
  - represents social costs
- Short term
  - Foregone land rent in arable farming
  - Temporary unemployment/loss of production
- Long term
  - Only foregone land rent in arable farming
  - Redundant labour assumed to be employed in other sectors

# Land rent foregone in scenarios

### Table 1. Land rent foregone in different scenarios, 2030

|  | Green<br>growth | Bio-based<br>society | Urban and<br>rural | Rich<br>nature |
|--|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Land rent foregone,<br>million euros/year            | 149             | 1                    | 92                 | 103            |
| Per cent of total land rent<br>in Danish agriculture | 12.7            | 0.1                  | 7.8                | 8.7            |

- So far, there are no estimates available of the social value of enhanced environmental service flows in different scenarios
  - Still, the social cost in terms of land rent forgone seems relatively small

# **Employment effects of scenarios**

## Table 2. Reduced employment in scenarios by 2030

#### - Without labour productivity adjustments

| Reduced employment,          | Green        | Bio-based | Urban and | Rich   |  |  |
|------------------------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|--------|--|--|
| man years                    | growth       | society   | rural     | nature |  |  |
| Crop production              | 444          | 340       | 506       | 764    |  |  |
| Livestock production         | 1,300        | 2,600     | 2,600     | 0      |  |  |
| Ancillary sectors            | 2,900        | 5,800     | 5,800     | 0      |  |  |
| Total reduction              | 4,644        | 8,740     | 8,906     | 764    |  |  |
| Job creation,                |              |           |           |        |  |  |
| man years                    |              |           |           |        |  |  |
| Bioenergy, primary           | 5,500-8,900  |           |           |        |  |  |
| agriculture                  |              |           |           |        |  |  |
| Bioenergy, ancillary sectors | 6,300-12,100 |           |           |        |  |  |

## Thank you for your attention

Read more on:

www.fremtidenslandbrug.dk/futurefarming